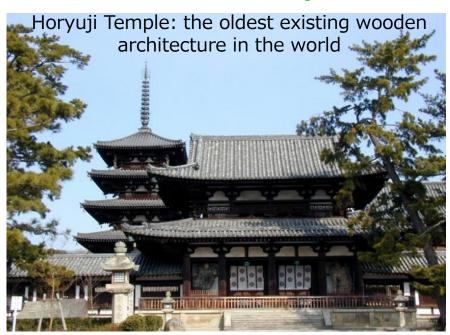
Nearly 70% forested in Japan





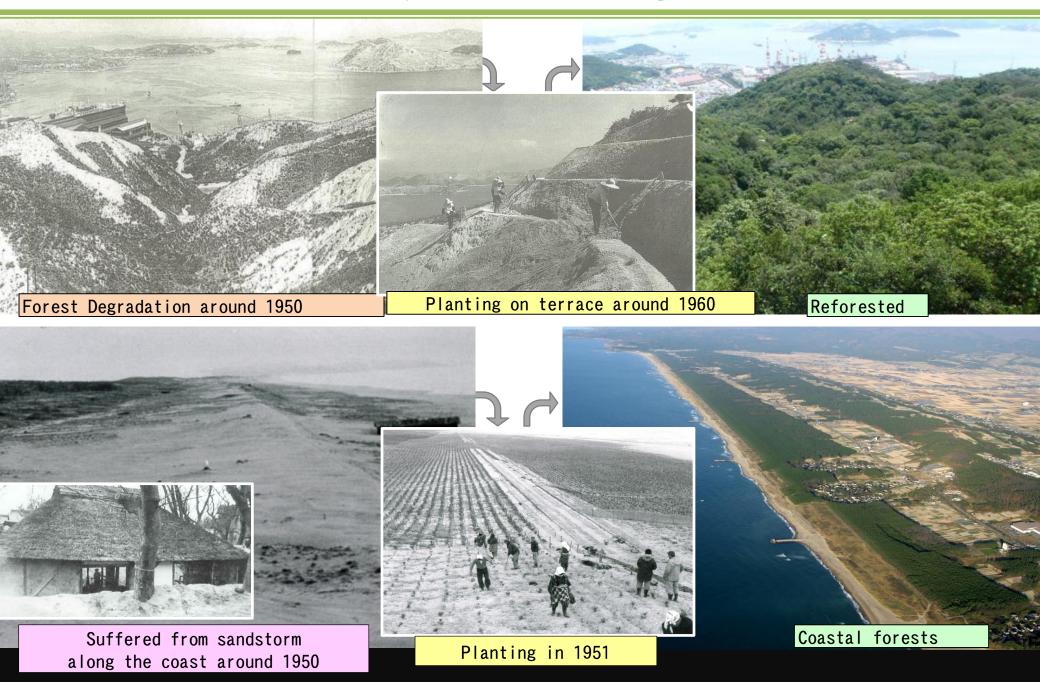


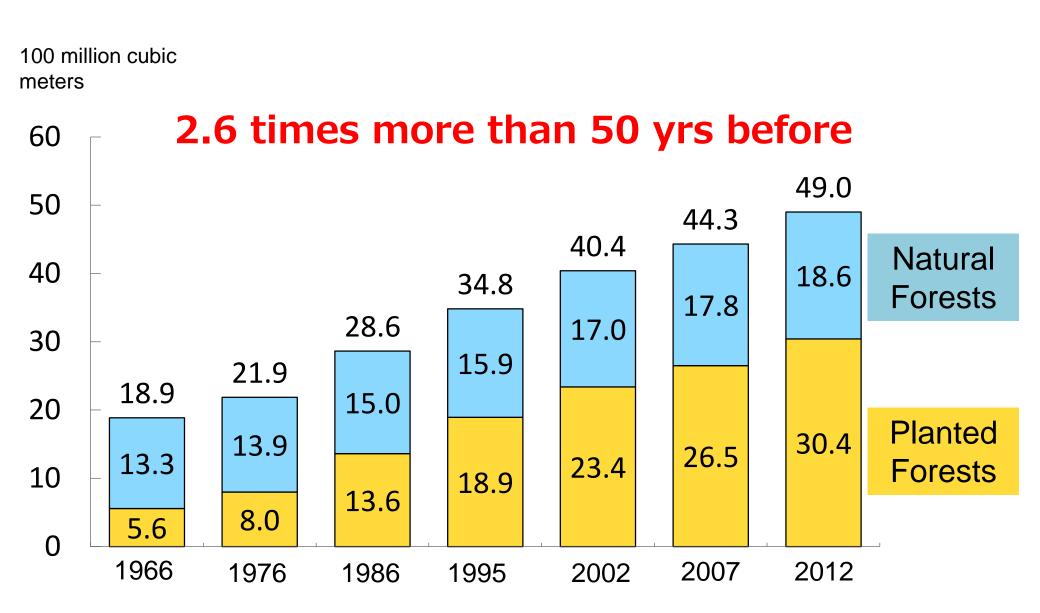
Wooden Construction in Japan

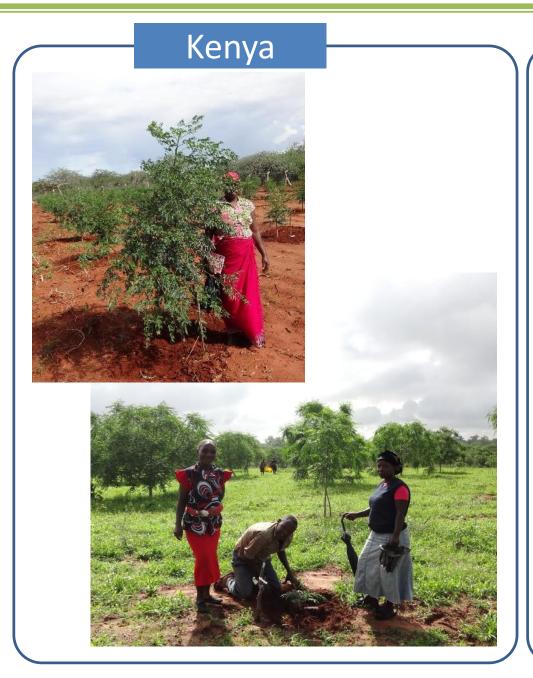




History of Forest Restoration in Japan





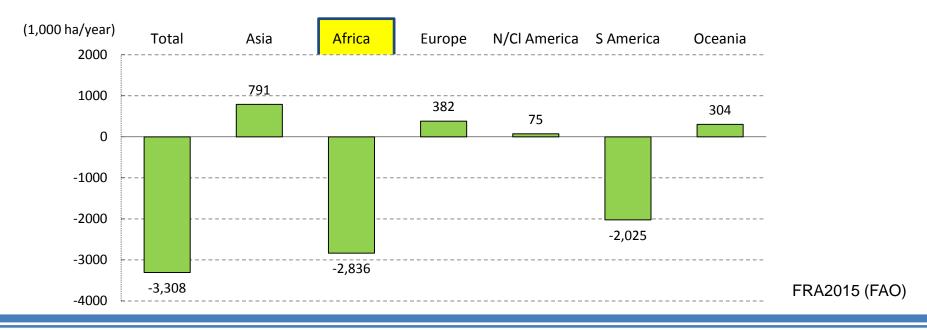


Malawi

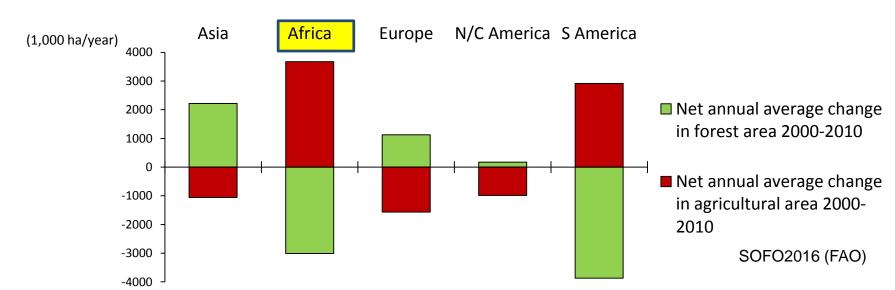




Net Forest Cover Change by Regions, 2010-2015



Net annual average change in agricultural and forest area by regions, 2000-2010



Business-as-usual

Selective one-off cutting of live hard wood species, leading to degradation & biodiversity loss

Earth Kiln –
efficiency ±10%
low capital,
skills required,
done on site



Open fire or inefficient stoves, causing indoor air pollutions



Sustainable charcoal



Sustainable
harvest of wood
on farm ex.
agroforestry,
reducing
pressures on
forests



Efficient kilns—
efficiency ±30%
but capital
intensive, need
skills, immobile



Improved
stoves, save up
to 10-60%
biomass,
cleaner
combustion

