

Setting the Stage Breaking Developments in Forest & Landscape Restoration in Africa

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to Combat Desertification

The Challenge in Perspective

- Hunger and poverty is overwhelmingly rural, so the real challenge is to assist Africa's 100 million smallholders to produce more food and income, and
- To restore, regenerate and sustain the natural resource base for future food production.

Alarming Land Degradation in Africa

Trend in biomass productivity by farming system



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AFRICA RESTORATION INITIATIVE

Image: Flickr/USAID Kenya

Opportunities to realize the synergies within African landscapes



Political commitment to scale up restoration successes is growing!

22 countries have made commitments including:

Niger	1 million hectares
Ghana	2 million hectares
Ethiopia	15 million hectares
Kenya	5 million hectares
Uganda	2.5 million hectares
Rwanda	2 million hectares

Total commitments are now over **59 m hectares** by countries in West, Central, East and Southern Africa.

The Parkland Renaissance on Niger Farmlands





Farmer-Managed Regeneration of trees has been massively upscaled on the croplands in Niger

Southern Mali

6 million hectares of agroforestry parklands

Photo: C. Reij

Central Mali 450,000 hectares of new agroforests developing on the Seno Plains

The scale of transformation only uncovered in 2011

Major agroforestry regions in West Africa and potential directions of expansion



Malawi Maize Lands Farmer Managed Natural Regeneration Practiced by 1 Million Farmers

THE RANGELANDS Shinyanga, Tanzania Severe desertification through to the late 1980s Community-Based Regeneration of woodlands and grazing lands covering about 500,000 ha in 934 village Awarded the UNDP Equator Prize

Faidherbia albida is commonly found in cereal crop systems in Ethiopia

Ethiopia: FMNR in Ethiopian villages



Assisted Natural Regeneration on grazing land in Ethiopia

DEGRADED FOREST LANDS: Massive Watershed Exclosures in Ethiop

Greener landscapes than any time in th past 145 years (Nyssen et al 2014)

Restoration Investments Getting the Biggest Bang for the Buck

Tree plantations: > \$1000/ha

Assisted natural regeneration of trees: \$30-50/ha

Vision for the Drylands

2nd Africa Drylands Declaration Djamena, August 2014

«WE RECOMMEND AND PROPOSE that the drylands development community **compit seriously to achieving the goal of**

Enabling EVERY farm family and **EVERY** village across the drylands of Africa

to be practicing Farmer-Managed Natural Regeneration by the year 2025." *"Farmer-Managed Natural Regeneration (FMNR) is a foundational practice for Resilience in the Drylands of Africa."*

World Bank Drylands Investment Strategy



Creating a Tree Cover Baseline and Tracking System with Collect Earth



Percentage Tree cover on Nyanza County farmlands, Kenya



Zero Net Land Degradation by 2030

Zero Carbon Emissions by 2050

EverGreening Africa & The World

18 African countries are now engaged in EverGreen Agriculture



A Recent Development

The Initiatives for Land, Lives and Peace Program

Is joining up with the *Land Restoration Community*

to make *EverGreening Africa* a bridge to peacebuilding and conflict resolution.

Conclusions – Way Forward

- Land degradation in Africa is a serious crisis
- But evergreening has taken root and it is spreading rapidly. Millions of smallholders are adopting effective land regeneration methods.
- Success will require a broad-based EverGreening Movement for land regeneration and food security
- It will require setting targets and carefully monitoring progress. The tools for that are now available.
- And it will require cross-sectoral coordination and goodwill with an 'All-In' spirit of collaboration.

For More Information and to Get Engaged

Evergreen Agriculture web site www.evergreenagriculture.net

Email contact: d.garrity@cgiar.org <u>The Next Step</u> for the 3rd African Drylands Week:

1. There is now a continental target.

2. It's high time to aevelop a detailed strategy and plan to achieve it!

3. And to **monitor progres**s across the continent every 3-5 years!

The European Commission Challenge: Scale-Up EverGreen Agriculture to 50 million farmers in Africa

Alarming Land Degradation in Southern Africa

Trend in biomass productivity by farming system



A Grassroots Movement for Landscape Restoration Across Southern Africa

Grassroots as the basis for scaling-up

Building on success. Scaling-up from demonstrated successess in grassroots movements and scaling-up successes

EverGreening for Peacebuilding: Overcoming Political Violence



Terrorism & Political Violence



Link Fertilizer Subsidies to Scaling-Up Fertilizer Tree Technologies New COMESA Platform

- Strengthen member countries' ability to scale-up fertilizer tree technologies by linking with fertilizer subsidy programs.
- 2. Assist countries to share their experiences in developing such linkages to enhance the impact and welfare benefits of input subsidy programs.
- **3. Regenerate soils**: create a sustainable nutrient system.
- 4. Reduce fertilizer importation bills.



Conservation agriculture with reduced tillage and *trees increases productivity while restoring land quality and reducing labor.*

What is Evergreen Agriculture?

A form of more agroecologically intensive farming that integrates trees into crop and livestock production systems.

Evergreen farming systems are 'doublestory' systems that feature both perennial and annual species (food crops and trees), maintaining a green cover on the land throughout the year.

Types of Agroforestry

- 1. Agroforests: combinations of perennial species on arable land
- 2. Home gardens with perennials
- 3. Woodlots or farm forests
- 4. Trees on field and farm boundaries
- 5. Sylvopastoral systems: Trees in pastures
- 6. Evergreen Agriculture: Trees intercropped with field crops (including alley cropping)

Types of Evergreen Agriculture

- 1. Farmer-Managed Natural Regeneration (FMNR) on cropland
- 2. Conservation agriculture with trees (CAWT)
- 3. Conventional agriculture interplanted with trees (including alley cropping systems)

Rwanda's plan for restoration interventions







Long-term maize yield without fertilizer in a *Gliricidia* system



Malawi National Agroforestry Food Security Programme

