



REDD development in Cambodia

Omaliss KEO

National REDD Focal Point

FORESTRY ADMINISTRATION

Ministry of Agriculture Forestry and Fisheries

Tokyo, 10 March 2010

Outline

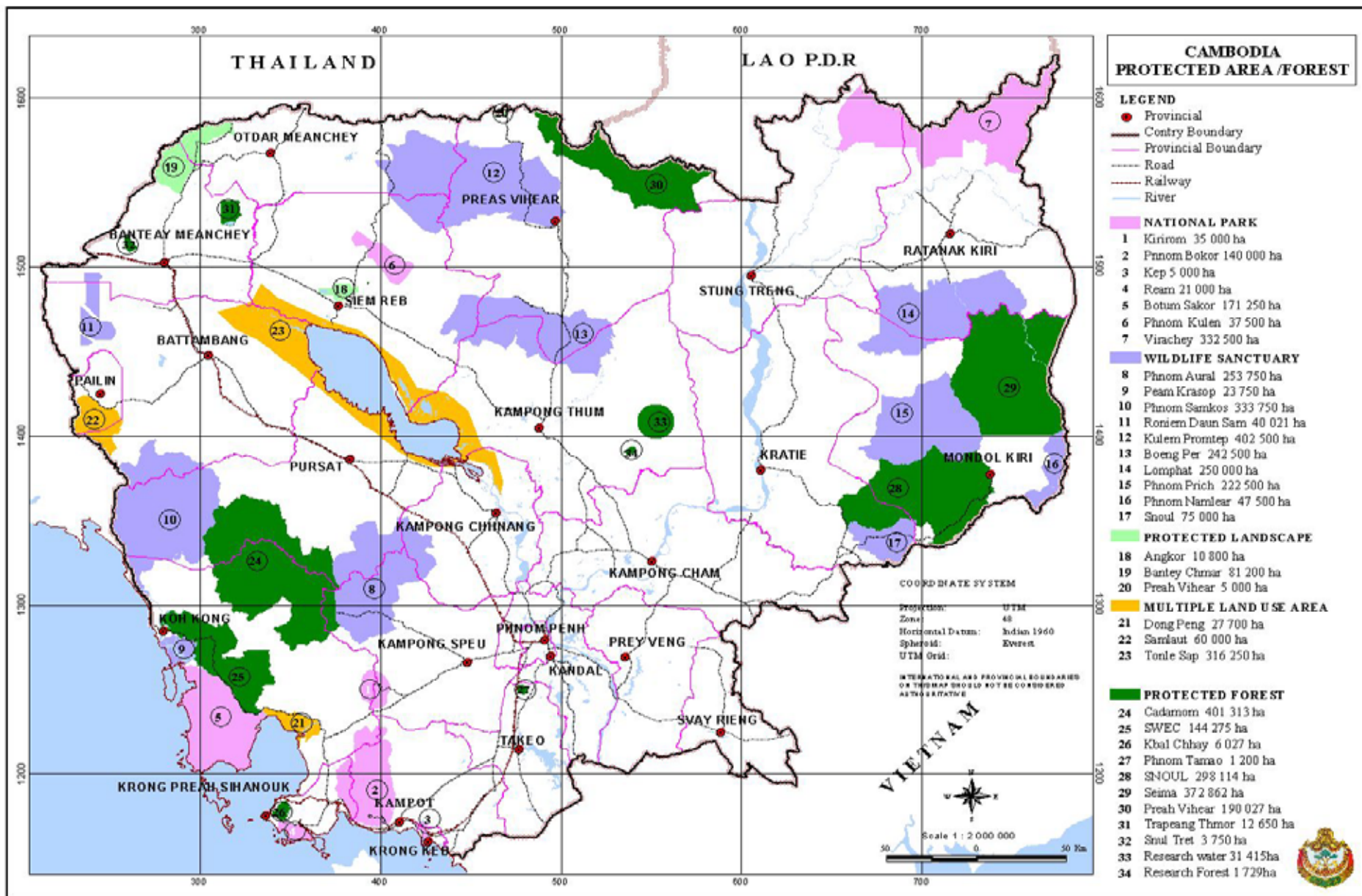
- } Background
- } Status of forest
- } Policies related to REDD
- } Progress
- } Pilot REDD projects
- } Future activities



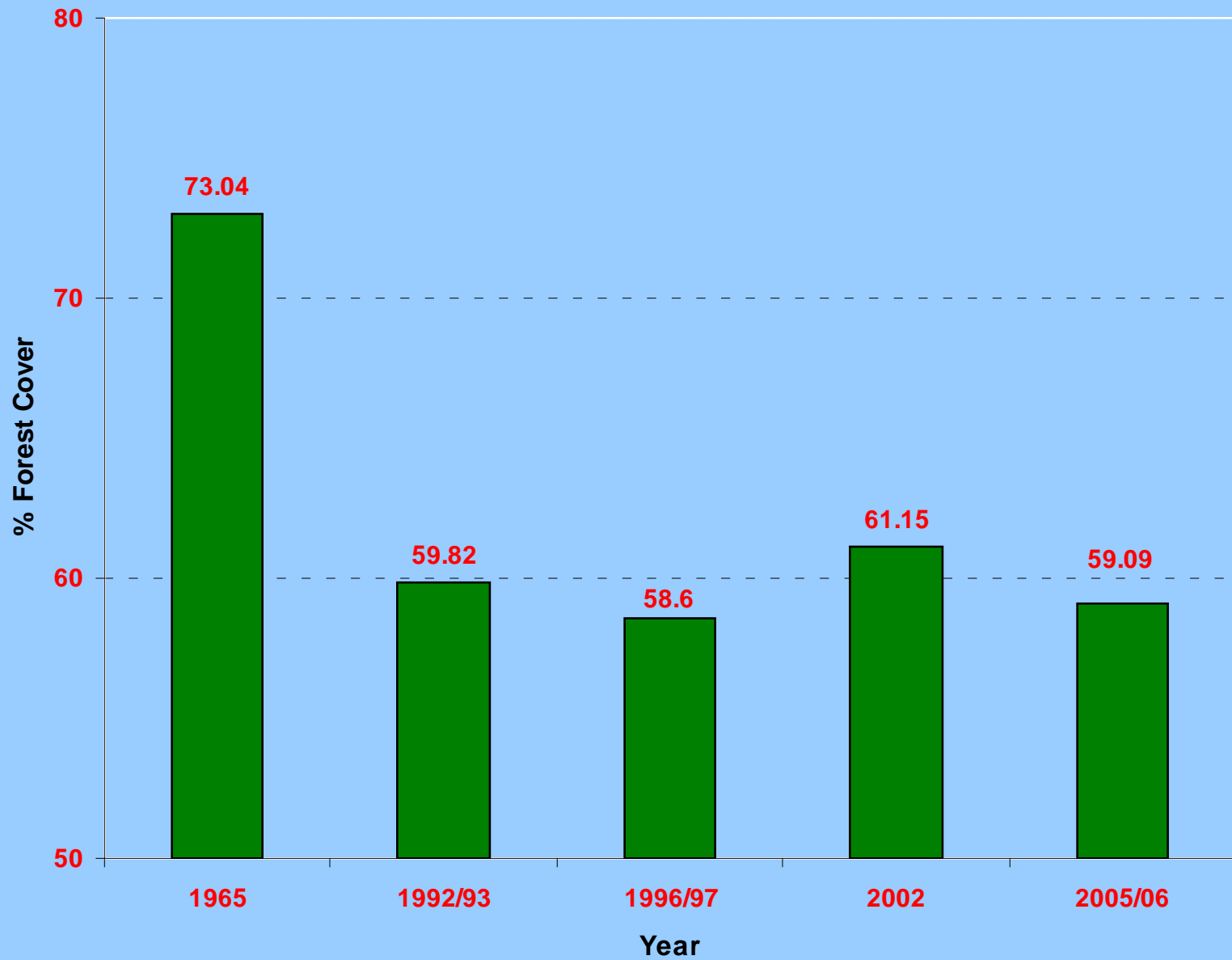
Background

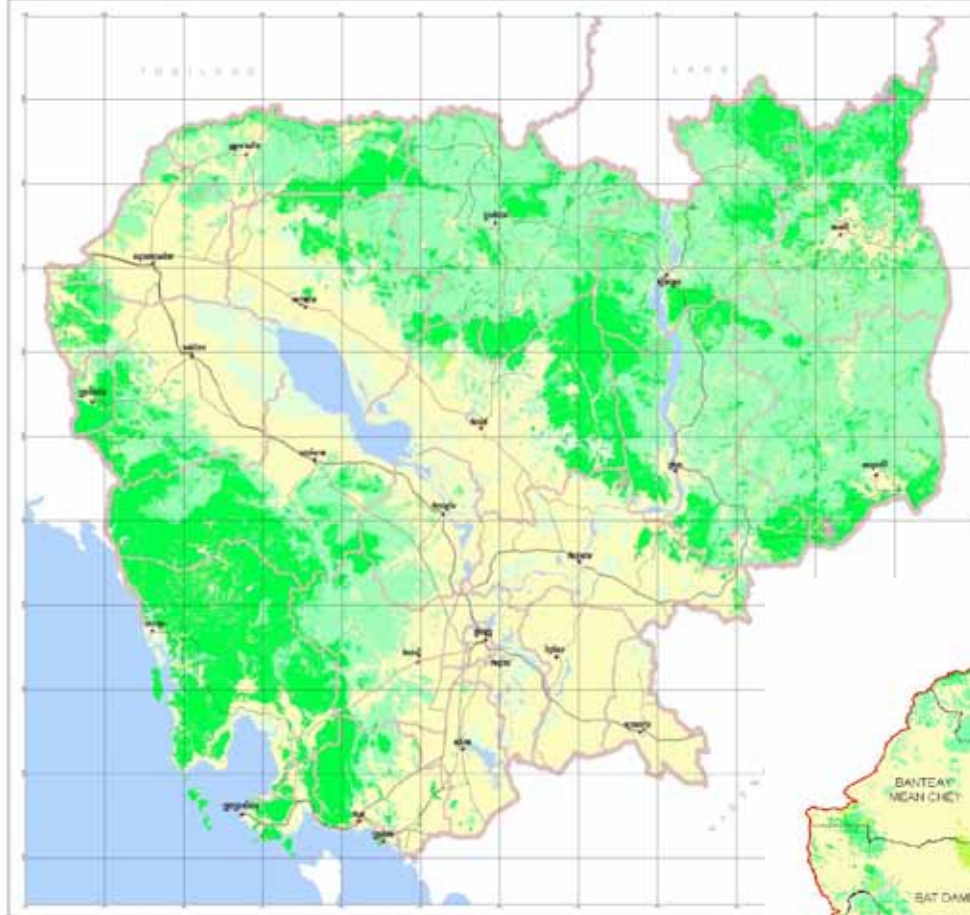
- } Cambodia land area: 181,035 Km²
- } Forest area: 10.73 m ha (2006) = 59.09%
- } Population 13.5m (2008)
- } UNFCCC (1995)
- } Kyoto Protocol (2002)
- } Protection Forests and Protected Areas > 25%
- } High rates of landuse change (0.5% deforestation rate/year, or 75,000 hectares/year)

Protection forests and protected area



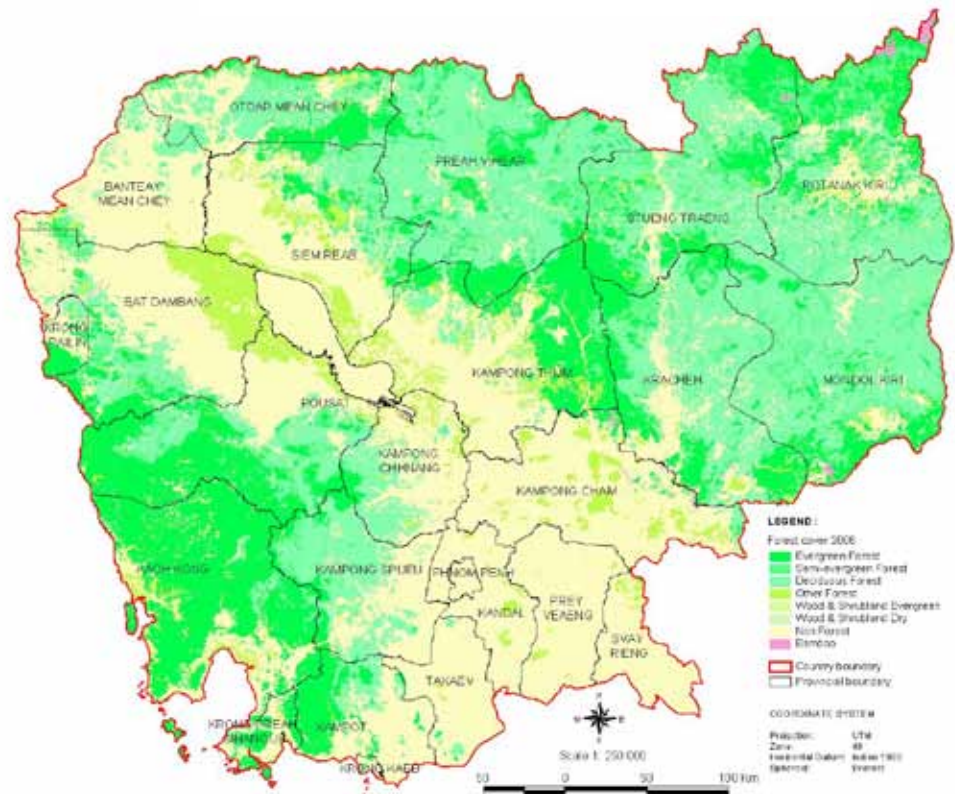
Forest cover change in Cambodia



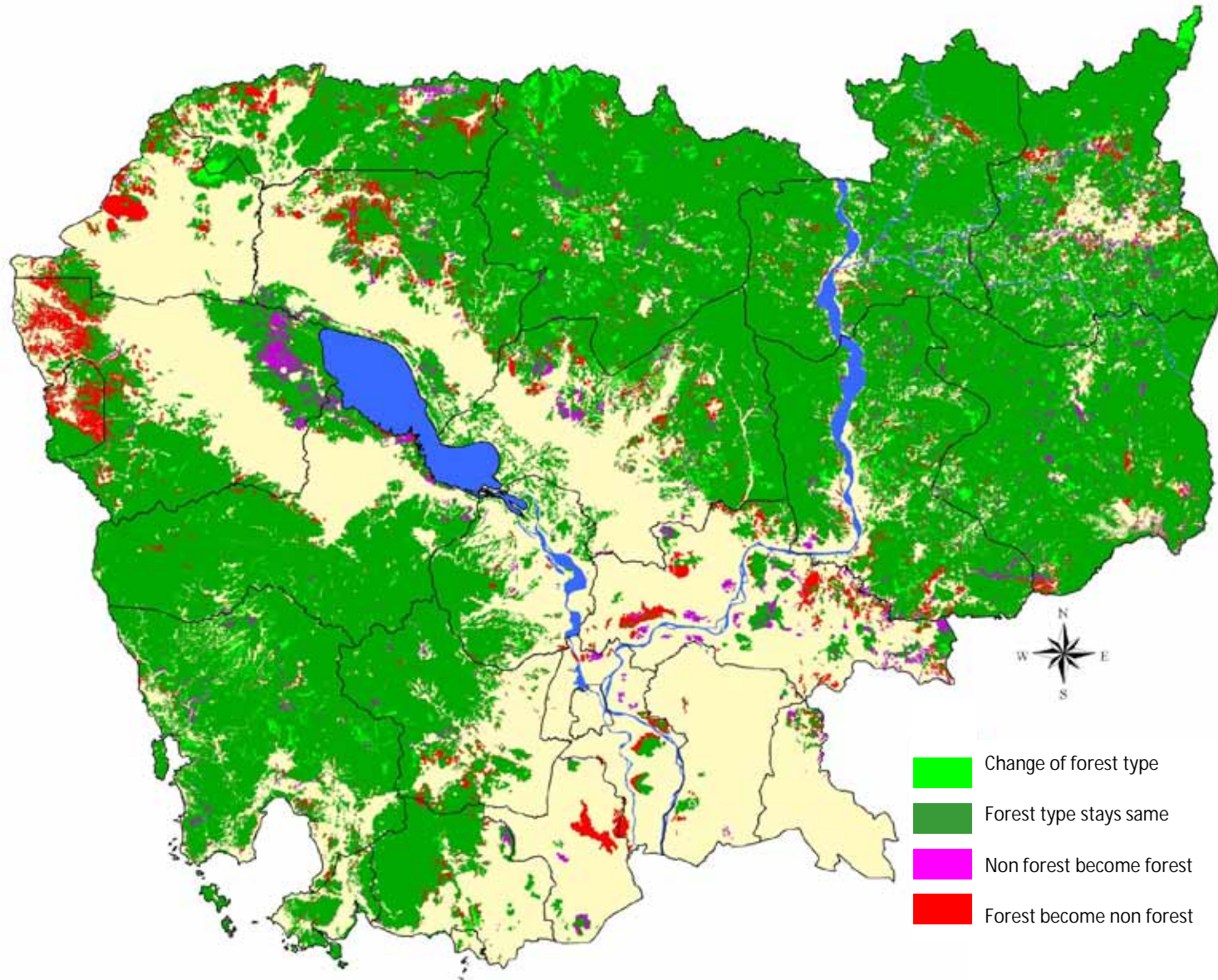


Forest cover 2002

Forest cover 2006



Forest cover change 2002–2006



Existing policies related to REDD

- } Millennium Development Goal: forest cover 60% by 2015
- } Rectangle Strategy of RGC: ensure environmental sustainability through sustainable management of natural resources
- } National Strategic Development Plan (including REDD)
- } National Forest Policy
- } Forestry law, environment law and relevant regulations
- } Government Decision to support REDD project (2008)
- } Supported Copenhagen Accord and REDD
- } Government decision to support REDD project (2008)
- } **National Forest Program (including REDD 2010–2030)**

REDD Progress

} REDD responsibility:

- Forestry Administration (MAFF) is an responsible authority on REDD in Cambodia
 - Technical Working Group on Forest and Environment
 - Leading Cambodia REDD Taskforce
- Ministry of Environment (MOE) (Protected Area)
 - National communication to UNFCCC (1996 and 2000)

} Funding opportunity

- DANIDA/NZAID/DFID
- FCPF Mar 2009: May accessible after June 2010
- UNREDD Oct 2009: Observer member

REDD Progress (cont.)

} Pilot REDD projects

- Oddar Meanchey (Northwestern Cambodia)
- Seima (Southeastern Cambodia)

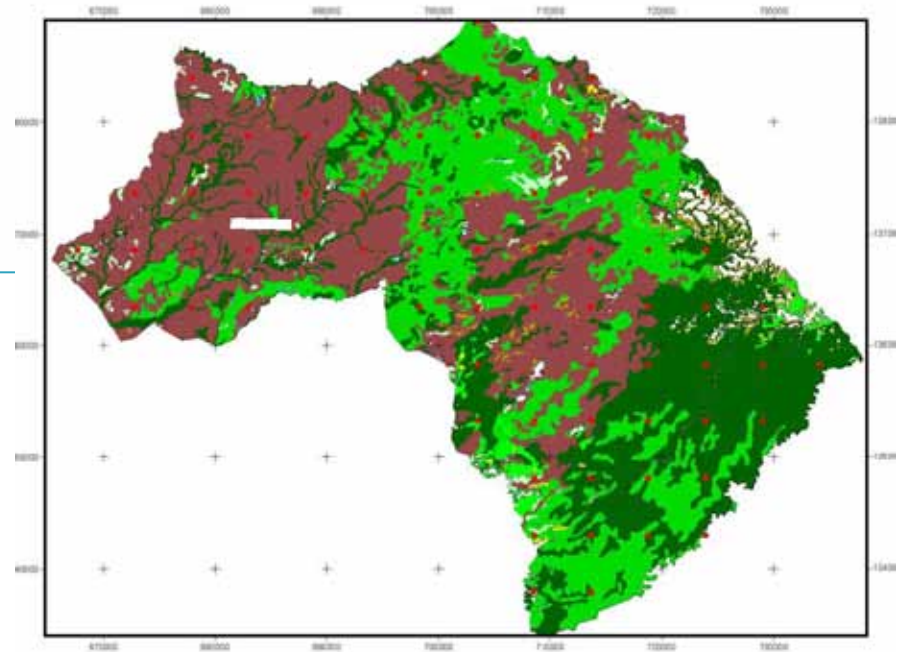
} Training workshop

- 2 training workshops
- 1 national consultation workshop

REDD Progress (cont.)

- } Establishment of REDD Taskforce (Jan 2010)
 - FA, MOE, Ministry of Land Management
 - UNDP-FAO-UNEP
 - Development of REDD readiness roadmap (draft)
 1. Management of national REDD readiness
 2. Development of REDD strategy
 3. Forest reference emission level
 4. Monitoring system
 5. Implementation framework
 6. Social and environmental safeguard policies
 7. Consultation and awareness raising with stakeholders

Seima REDD Project



Seima REDD Project (cont.)

- } Start June 2009
- } Area 187,000 ha
- } Expected carbon credit: ~1m t CO₂ first 5years
- } FA in collaboration with WCS, Winrock International
- } Working with 8 villages out of 20 village





**Indochinese Silvered
Langur (EN)**



**Giant and White-shouldered
Ibis (both CR)**



**Asian Elephant (EN)
c. 116 individuals**

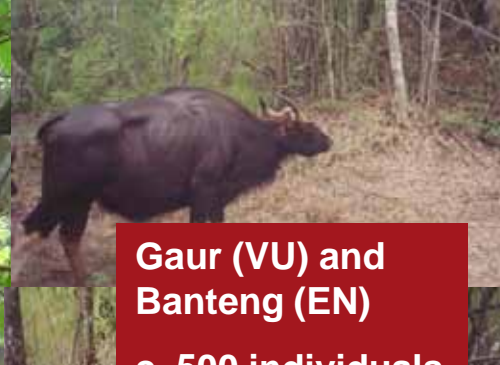


**Black-shanked Douc (EN)
c. 42,000**

**38 globally
threatened birds,
mammals and
reptiles are present**



**Yellow-cheeked
Crested Gibbon (EN)
c. 2400 individuals**



**Gaur (VU) and
Banteng (EN)
c. 500 individuals**



Tiger (EN)

Clinging on, great potential



**Two vulture
species (both
CR)**



Future activities

- } Finish the REDD roadmap by the end of June 2010
 - } Analyse co-benefit of carbon stock in cooperation with UNEP-WCMC
 - } Training workshop on MRV with Winrock International. (April-May 2010)
 - } Capacity Need Assessment on MRV
 - } National forest inventory (2010)
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